Carbon Action Plans

Herefordshire Carbon Management Plan 2017 -2021

Council wanted the plan made it more readable and accessible

The aim of this document is fourfold:

- ▶ 1. To showcase progress made since the start of CMP-11.
- 2. Establish a pathway towards achieving a 40% reduction in CO2e by 2021 (based on 2008/09).
- ▶ 3. Establish the **financial business case** for managing greenhouse gas emissions.
- ▶ 4. To act as an **information sharing portal** and to engage readers through the use of infographics and summary details.

ACHIEVEMENTS SINCE 2011



COST SAVINGS

Estimated cost savings of £ 7.5 million



STREET LIGHTING

100% LED street lighting across the County



CO₂e EMISSIONS

29% reduction in CO₂e (since baseline 2008/09) in 2015/16



RENEWABLE ENERGY

Committed to invest £2.1million in solar PV across the estate



SCHOOLS

Schools have saved over 1000 tonnes CO₂e since 2008/09



ELECTRIC VEHICLES

Installation of a network of 11 publically accessible electric vehicle charge points across the county

CARBON MANAGEMENT PLAN

Herefordshire Council

OBJECTIVES

These are the main drivers of our Carbon Management Plan for 2017 -2021



1 COST SAVINGS

Achieve cost savings through asset rationalisation, fleet management and staff travel





Increase resilience to increasing energy prices and impending energy security through investment in energy efficiency and local renewable energy generation

3 COMMUNITY LEADERSHIP

Show community leadership by actively reducing our carbon footprint and encouraging our partners to embed the "Low Carbon" ideology



4 OPPORTUNITIES

Optimise the benefits from funding sources, such as the Feed in Tariffs (FiTs) for renewable electricity generation and the Renewable Heating Incentive (RHI)



Peterborough City Council Carbon Management Action Plan March 2020

Reviewed and endorsed by the Carbon Trust

Starts off with Council commitments to 20 measures.

- ▶ 1.Continuing to rationalise office floorspace, thereby reducing energy demands. For example, excess floorspace at the Town Hall will be leased.
- ▶ 2. Continuing to **plant new trees** on its own land (and encourage others to do likewise), thus capturing (or 'sequestering') carbon from the atmosphere. The Council will also work with Peterborough Environment City Trust (PECT) to determine whether a local carbon off-setting programme can be put in place, to fully take account of the carbon savings from tree planting.
- ▶ 3. Reviewing its entire **electricity and gas contracts**, and, where practical to do so, will seek to amend to 100% renewable electricity tariffs and 100% carbon off-set gas tariffs as soon as possible.

Carbon Management Process

Scoping

- Identify organisational boundary
- Obtain data for emission sources

Carbon Baseline

- Convert data to CO_2 e
- Analyse data

Decarbonisation

Projects

 Identify existing, near and meduim term projects

Financing

- Identify suitable finance sources
- Secure funding

Monitoring and Evalution

- Governance
- Monitor progress
- Complete annual progress report

Peterborough City Council organisational boundary (grey areas currently excluded)



Chichester District's Climate Emergency Initial Action Plan 2020 - 2025

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2	Develop the Climate Emergency Full	Plan adopted by Cabinet and	September 2020
	Action Plan, containing detailed	Council	
	targets and project milestones,		
	from this Initial action plan. The full		
	plan is to be reported to the		
	Environment Panel and approved		
	by Cabinet		
3	Set a Local Authority Area-wide	10% year on year reduction in	Target in place by 2020, target to
	target for District CO2 reductions of	emissions	run to 2025
	10% year on year until 2025. Work		
	with partner organisations across		
	the District to co-ordinate actions		
	towards meeting this target (see		
	also action 22)		
4	Quantify current carbon emissions	Target to be set based on the	Target in place by 2020, target to
	from CDC operations. Set a CO2	outcome of further assessment	run to 2025
	reduction target for CDC operations	work	
	(development of existing target)		
5	Put in place a system for identifying	That key decisions are identified in	Systems in place by June 2020
	those CDC decisions with impacts	good time, impacts are assessed	
	on carbon emissions, air quality and	and any negative impacts are	
	biodiversity and ensure that	avoided.	
	negative impacts are avoided or		
	mitigated.		

High Level Action Plan

Ref	Action	Target	Timescale	Services involved in Delivery						
Low C	Low Carbon Chichester Funding									
8	Secure Low Carbon Chichester Funding from Homes England: Decide on areas of focus – energy efficiency/renewables within public sector / community buildings; Establish joint agreement with HE and Linden on criteria for funding applications; Carbon savings in Kg/year, Locations anywhere District-wide, Public ownership and/or public access, value for money £/kg CO2, Deliverability, Publicity; Establish match funding requirements from applicants.		May 2020 July 2020	ESU -project officer to lead. Legal and PR to support the project `						
9	Report on the feasibility of establishing an ongoing District-wide fund for delivery of carbon reduction projects and biodiversity restoration projects. This will include: (1) a review of the opportunity to raise money from the UK Municipal Bonds Agency for low carbon infrastructure, and (2) the potential to use legal and planning mechanisms for offsetting residual carbon from new developments.	Report finished Implementation of funding (continuation of LCC)	Sept 2020 End 2020	ESU – project officer to lead. Planning Policy Team						

Devon County Council

To coordinate a collaborative Devon-wide response to the climate emergency and ecological crisis to:

- ► Facilitate the reduction of carbon emissions to net-zero by 2050 at the latest, to include substantial nature improvement to absorb carbon
- Improve the resilience of Devon's environment against the effects of climate change
- Prepare Devon's communities for the necessary adaptations to infrastructure and services to respond to a warmer world.

Two strands to work

Devon Carbon Plan

The <u>Net-Zero Task Force</u> is using its specialist knowledge to produce an evidence-led <u>Devon Carbon Plan</u>. This will consider the earliest, credible, date that should be set for net-zero emissions.

Devon Adaptation Plan

The <u>Climate Impacts Group</u> is using its collective knowledge to create a Devon Adaptation Plan. This will consider how Devon and its citizens can adapt to living in a warmer world.

Three Stages

- evidence gathering
- citizens' assembly
- development and publication of a draft Devon Carbon Plan

Warwick Climate Emergency Action Programme

Report is in the form of a Climate Emergency Action Programme that contains a Carbon Management Plan for the Council's own estate and a Climate Emergency Action Roadmap for Warwick District.



Carbon Management Plan

Stage 1 – Immediate Actions/ Measures – (Year 1) **Key Measures include**: Data Management System, Building Energy Audits, Identified No Cost/Low Cost Measures, Sub-Metering, Green Energy tariffs, LED

Total Investment=£848,563 Carbon Reduction= 2,637.4 TCO₂e

Stage 2 – Technology Actions / Measures (Year 2 & Year 3) **Key Measures include**: Low Carbon Technology measures and building thermal improvement i.e. heat pumps, thermal insulation; water technology; EV fleet

Total Investment=£390,000 Carbon Reduction=124.6 TCO₂e

Carbon Reduction = 83.2 TCO2e

Stage 3 – Renewable Energy Generation (Year 4 & Year 5)

Key Measures include: Solar PV, Air Source Heat Pumps; water management **Total Investment**=£1,730,000

Stage 4 - Carbon Offsetting (Year 5 – If Required) Key Measures include: Offsetting Remaining Carbon Emissions

Total Investment=£1,035 Carbon Reduction=69 TCO₂e

Total Cost of Investment	Energy Saving (kWh)	Energy Cost Saving (£)	Carbon Emission Saving (TCO₂e)	Payback (Years)
£2,969,598	4,150,574 kWh	£420,556	2914.2	7.1

Questions for us

- How to present it
- How accessible by public
- Should there be a public consultation
- Given lock down how could this happen
- Should the action plan only look at the Council or wider district?
- If not should there be another document to deal with wider climate change mitigation?